



**What is your
pelvic floor?**

self-care tips

PELVIC HEALTH DURING PREGNANCY AND AFTER BIRTH

**when to
seek help**

**Squeezy App
(pelvic floor
exercises)**

For more information please head to our Perinatal Pelvic Health webpage at www.royalfree.nhs.uk/services/maternity-services/maternity-support/north-central-london-perinatal-pelvic-health-service. Alternatively, speak to your midwife or healthcare professional.

During pregnancy your body goes through many changes to help you grow, carry and birth your baby. It can sometimes be difficult to know what are normal changes, and when you should seek help. Changes can happen to your bladder, bowel, vagina and sexual health as your pelvic floor muscles come under more pressure.

The information in this leaflet will give you self-help tips to manage these changes. It will also provide advice on when, where and why to seek help if anything worries you or does not resolve.

What are pelvic floor muscles?

These are a group of muscles that span the outlet of your pelvis. Pelvic floor muscles have the following uses:

- They help you to control wee, wind and poo
- They act like a hammock to support your pelvic organs (bladder, womb and bowel) and keep them in the correct position
- They can help improve sex by increasing your sensation, your grip and orgasm
- They help to keep your pelvis and hips stable

Anyone who is pregnant or has had a baby can be affected by pelvic floor dysfunction. This is when the pelvic floor muscles are not working correctly.

Taking care of your pelvic floor

Pelvic floor exercises

It is recommended to do daily pelvic floor exercises during pregnancy and after birth. This will help prevent symptoms of pelvic floor dysfunction such as bladder and bowel leakage or prolapse.

Healthy bladder & bowel

Having a healthy bladder and bowel can help you avoid pelvic floor problems.

Self care-tips:

- Try and drink 6-8 glasses of water a day. If you don't drink enough, your poo can become difficult to pass
- Avoid caffeine. It can increase your blood pressure and heart rate, and also increase the urgency and number of times that you will need to wee
- When weeing give your bladder time to empty
- Try and cut out 'just in case wees', aiming for going every 2-3 hours. This will help keep your bladder able to 'hold' for longer periods of time
- Don't strain when you poo, this can weaken the pelvic floor muscles further. If you are finding your poo is difficult to pass, discuss treatment options with your health professional

The Squeezy App

Available through your app store, this award-winning app is designed to help you maintain a pelvic floor muscle exercise programme long-term.



When to seek help...

If you are experiencing any of the following symptoms, we advise you refer into our services for further support:

- Accidental loss of wee when you exercise, cough, sneeze or laugh?
- Loss of poo/ wind or any difficulties with emptying your bowels?
- Feel an urgency to pass wee or poo?
- Pain/ discomfort with sexual activity or sexual intercourse?
- Feeling of heaviness/bulging in the vagina?

How to self-refer

Self-refer by scanning this QR code.
Alternatively, ask your midwife/doctors/
health professional to refer you into the
Perinatal Pelvic Health Service.



Further information

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